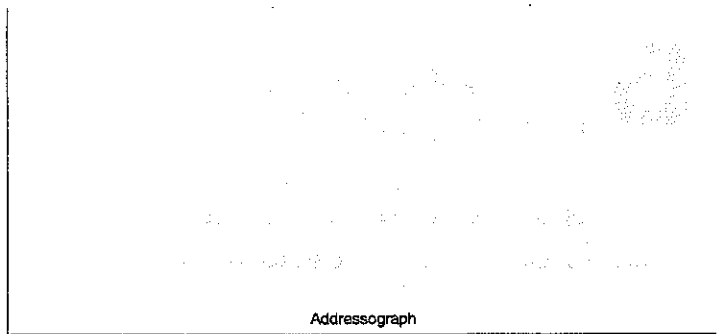




**BRONX-LEBANON  
HOSPITAL CENTER**

**Department of Medicine /  
Division of Gastroenterology**



**ERCP**

(*Endoscopic Retrograde Cholangiopancreatography*) is used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the pancreas, bile duct and gallbladder. The doctor passes a thin, flexible (endoscope) tube through your mouth, food pipe, stomach and upper part of the small intestine. Your doctor then injects a dye into small ducts (tubes) and takes x-ray pictures of these ducts and the gallbladder. Stones that are lodged in these ducts can be removed, abscess can be drained and narrowing of these tubes can be corrected during this procedure by placing a stent into the narrowed duct.

***Risk:***

In rare cases, complications such as reaction to medication, tear of the intestine, infection, allergic reaction to the dye, bleeding, inflammation of the pancreas of the duct can occur. Some of these complications may require immediate treatment (such as surgery) and death may occur.

***Alternative Measures:***

Magnetic Resonance-Cholangio-Pancreatogram (MRCI), or surgical intervention.

**SEDATION / ANALGESIA**

Medication will be injected through the intravenous line that will make you drowsy but you will be able to follow commands.

***Risk:***

In rare cases, complications such as reaction to medication, sore throat, nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, paralysis, cardiac arrest and even death may occur.

***Alternative:***

- I understand the explanation of the procedure and of the sedation / analgesia, risks, benefits and alternative measures and give my consent.

SIGNATURE	PRINT NAME	DATE
_____ Physician MD	_____ Physician MD	
_____ Patient	_____ Person authorized to consent	
_____ Witness	_____ Relationship to patient	

